

Ana Clara's first 3 days in Seoul

São Paulo → Doha → Incheon (about 27 hours) → Myeongdong → palaces & markets → Hongdae → Han River.

One Korean sentence at every stop!

1 Your phrase cards: read each one out loud 3 times

안녕하세요.

an-nyeong-ha-se-yo

Hello.

몇 번 출구예요?

myeot beon chul-gu-ye-yo?

Which exit number is it?

칼국수 하나 주세요.

kal-guk-su ha-na ju-se-yo

One kalguksu, please.

사진 좀 찍어 주세요.

sa-jin jom jji-geo ju-se-yo

Could you take a photo, please?

이거 얼마예요?

i-geo eol-ma-ye-yo?

How much is this?

여기 앉아도 돼요?

yeo-gi an-ja-do dwae-yo?

May I sit here?

한강에서 라면을 먹어요.

han-gang-e-seo ra-myeon-eul meo-geo-yo

I eat ramyeon at the Han River.

2 Copy two phrases you want to use first

3 Where would you say it? Match the phrase to the place

a. 몇 번 출구예요?	1. Gwangjang Market stall
b. 칼국수 하나 주세요.	2. A bench in the forest park
c. 사진 좀 찍어 주세요.	3. Myeongdong subway station
d. 이거 얼마예요?	4. Han River convenience store
e. 여기 앉아도 돼요?	5. A noodle restaurant
f. 한강에서 라면을 먹어요.	6. In front of Gyeongbokgung

Write the pairs: a – ___ b – ___ c – ___ d – ___ e – ___ f – ___

4 Color the blocks

blue = noun green = describes a noun yellow = adverb red = verb

Write the color (B / G / Y / R) in each box.

몇 [ ] 번 출구 [ ] 예요? [ ]

칼국수 [ ] 하나 [ ] 주세요 [ ]

여기 [ ] 앉아도 돼요? [ ]

한강 [ ] 에서 · 라면 [ ] 을 · 먹어요 [ ]

Tip: color each word by what it is. 한강 and 여기 are nouns (places), so they are blue. 에서 / (에) are small gray particles, and the whole place chunk sits in the adverb (부사) slot because it tells you **where** the action happens.

5 Fill in the blanks

1. 몇 번 _____예요? (Which exit number is it?)

2. 칼국수 하나 _____. (One kalguksu, please.)

3. 사진 ____ 찍어 주세요. (Could you take a photo, please?)

4. 이거 _____예요? (How much is this?)

5. _____ 앉아도 돼요? (May I sit here?)

6 Swap the food and the number: make your own orders

Food + number + 주세요. Numbers: 하나 (1) · 둘 (2) · 셋 (3). Foods: 김밥 gimbap · 비빔밥 bibimbap · 라면 ramyeon · 빈대떡 bindaetteok

I want...	In Korean
two gimbap	
one bibimbap	
three ramyeon	
(your choice)	

7 Swap the place: where do YOU eat?

Pattern: _____에서 _____을/를 먹어요. Example: 명동에서 칼국수를 먹어요.

8 Role-play with a friend

At the station A: **몇 번 출구예요?** B: **6번 출구예요.**

At the market A: **이거 얼마예요?** B: (say a price in English or Korean)

In the park A: **여기 앉아도 돼요?** B: **네!** (Yes!)

9 10-question test

1. What does 출구 mean? _____
2. What does 여기 mean? _____
3. Say "Hello" in Korean: _____
4. How do you ask the price? _____
5. Fill in: 칼국수 _____ 주세요. (one)
6. Which word makes a request softer: 좀 or 몇? _____
7. In 한강에서 라면을 먹어요, what is the action word? _____
8. True or false: 몇 can stand alone without a noun. _____
9. Fix it: 하나 칼국수 주세요 → _____
10. Write one phrase you will use in Korea: _____